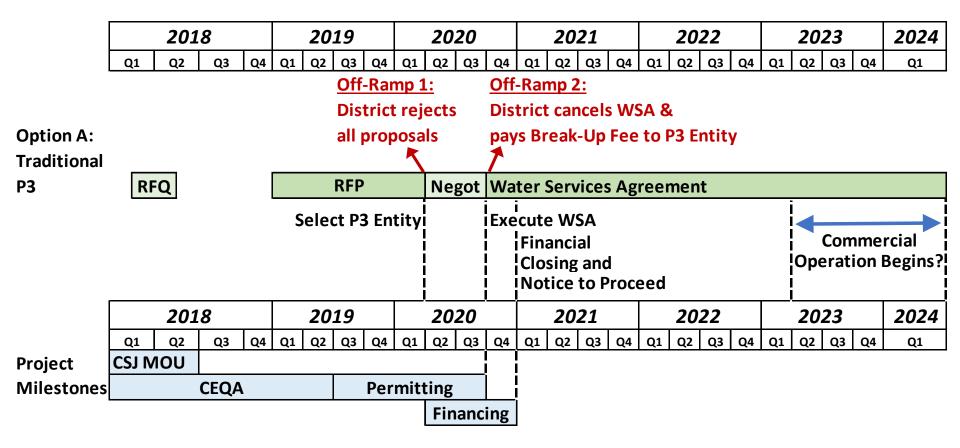
Expedited Purified Water Program P3 Procurement Options

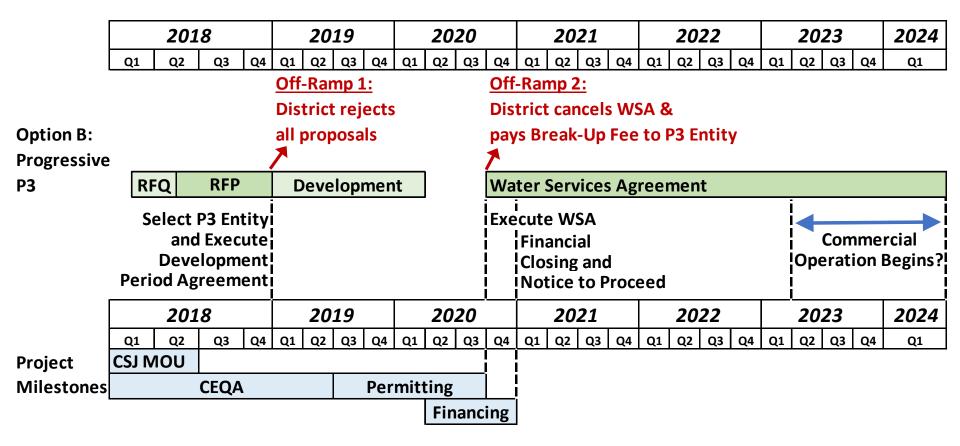
Option A: Traditional P3 Procurement



Option A: Traditional P3 Procurement

Description	Pros	Cons
9-12 month RFP process	Price certainty upfront	WSA must include provisions for price adjustments if caused by
 P3 entity selected on the basis of: Technical Financial Life cycle cost (hard-bid subject to re-openers) Team experience Requires resolution of City of San Jose Agreements 	 Competitive pricing ensures rate payers get lowest price as lifecycle cost basis forces integration of facilities design and operations and encourages innovation Maximum clarity in risk allocation 	permitting and environmental processes (shared risk).
District completes environmental/ permitting work	Most common procurement method in industry	
• Stipend expected/ recommended.	 Full team established in RFP (designer, builder, operator, and financier) and enhanced transparency 	
	Off-Ramp #2 break-up fee may be lower than in Option B or C.	J

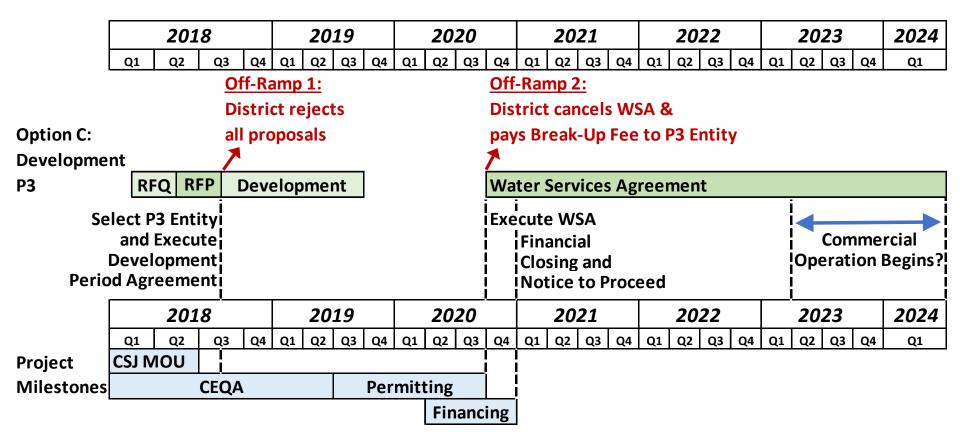
Option B: Progressive P3 Procurement



Option B: Progressive P3 Procurement

Description	Pros	Cons
6-9 month RFP process	P3 proposing entities have lower costs associated with proposal	Limited price certainty
 ◆P3 entity selected based on: ➤ Qualifications ➤ Concepts ➤ Fixed prices on final price development and mark-ups for: ○ Construction ○ Operations • Non-binding capital and operating cost estimates 	 costs associated with proposal preparation Some cost factors are provided (e.g., engineering, construction management as percent of final price, proposed mark-ups, etc.) Can incorporate District experiences and preferences Full team established in RFP 	 Limited industry experience with this procurement method. Risk allocation can be complicated by District involvement in concept development. Potential loss of competitive pricing for risk transfer.
 Proposed Water Services Agreement unit price ceiling (based on P3 entity's estimates) District/P3 completes SJ Agreement negotiations and environmental/permitting work. 	 (designer, builder, operator, and financier) and enhanced transparency Potential to leverage P3 team experience and goodwill working with multiple external partners. 	

Option C: Development-Oriented P3 Procurement



Option C: Development-Oriented P3 Procurement

Description	Pros	Cons
3-4 month RFP processP3 entity selected on basis of:	 Low threshold to entry for respondents with lowest anticipated proposal costs 	No cost certainty at time of selection.
 Qualifications Concepts Development milestones, schedule, and budget Financial metrics: 	 District participates in formation of P3 team (e.g., design-builder, operator, etc.) 	 Potential loss of life-cycle cost efficiency due to separation of Design/Construction and Operations contracts.
 Break-up fee Financing structure (min. BBB- rating) Senior debt credit spread 	Can incorporate District experience and preferences	Potential loss of competitive pricing for risk transfer.
cap	 Leverage P3 team experience/ potential to accelerate key agency agreements. 	 Limited industry experience with this procurement method. Risk allocation can be
 District/P3 completes SJ Agreement negotiations and environmental/permitting work. 		complicated by District involvement in concept development.
		 Identity of design/builder and operator not known at time of P3 entity selection.

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Recommendations

- 1. Receive information on the Recycled Water Committee's recent consideration of P3 procurement options;
- 2. Consider staff's recommendation to proceed with Option B Progressive P3; and
- 3. Provide direction to staff as to next steps:
 - Option A: Traditional P3 Procurement
 - Option B: Progressive P3 Procurement
 - Option C: Development-Oriented P3 Procurement