Overview of the FY 2022-23 Groundwater Production Charge Setting Process

November 23, 2021





Topics

- 1. Background Information on Groundwater Production Charge Setting Process
 - District Act
 - Prop 218 & Prop 26
 - Pricing Policy
 - Groundwater Benefit Zones
- 2. North County & South County Infrastructure
- 3. Drought Impact
- 4. Water Usage
- 5. Rate Setting Strategy for FY 2022-23
- 6. Schedule
- 7. Summary



District Act Details Several Process Requirements to Set Groundwater Production Charges

- ▶ Requires setting of groundwater production charges once per year
 - ▶ Option to do mid-year adjustment (added in 1992)
- ▶ Requires publication of Annual Report on Protection and Augmentation of Water Supplies (PAWS)
- ► Requires public hearing
 - ▶ Surface, treated, & recycled water rates can be set separately
- ▶ Requires establishment of groundwater benefit zones



District Act Defines Purposes for Groundwater Charges

1. Imported Water Facilities

2. Imported Water Purchases

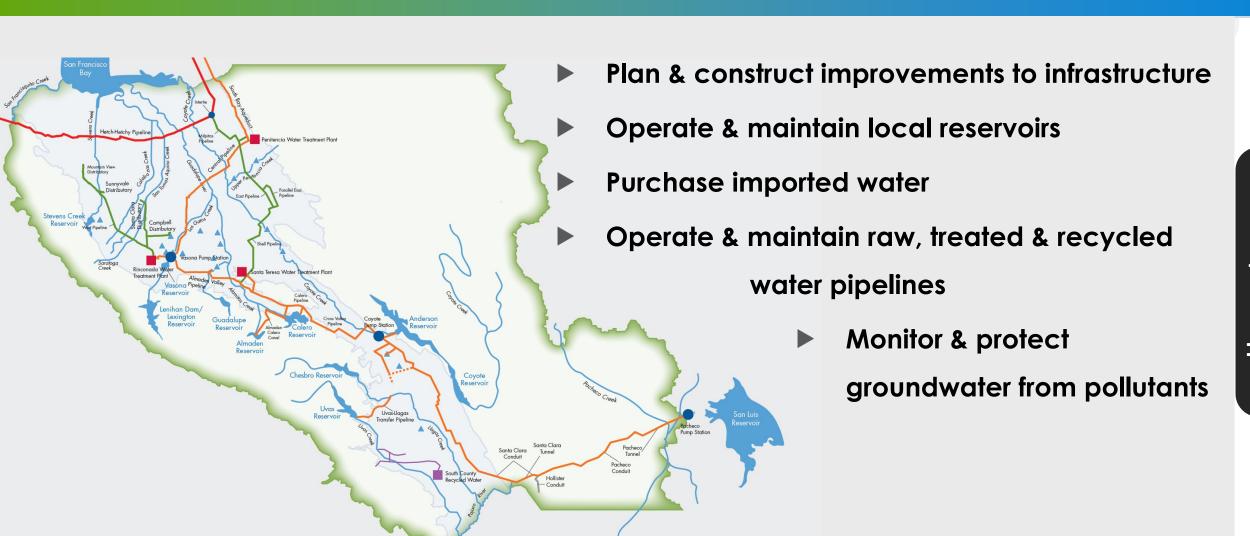
Purposes for Groundwater Charges

3. All Facilities which will "conserve or distribute water including facilities for groundwater recharge, surface distribution, and purification and treatment"

4. Debt



Many activities ensure safe, reliable groundwater supplies





The Surface Water Charge-setting Process is Consistent with Prop 218 Process for Water Service Charges

▶ Includes protest procedure as defined in Board Resolution 12-10

Historical Majority Protest Procedure Results

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Surface Water										
North County W-2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	0%
South County W-5	0%	0%	0%	1.3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
South County W-7									0%	0%
South County W-8									0%	0%

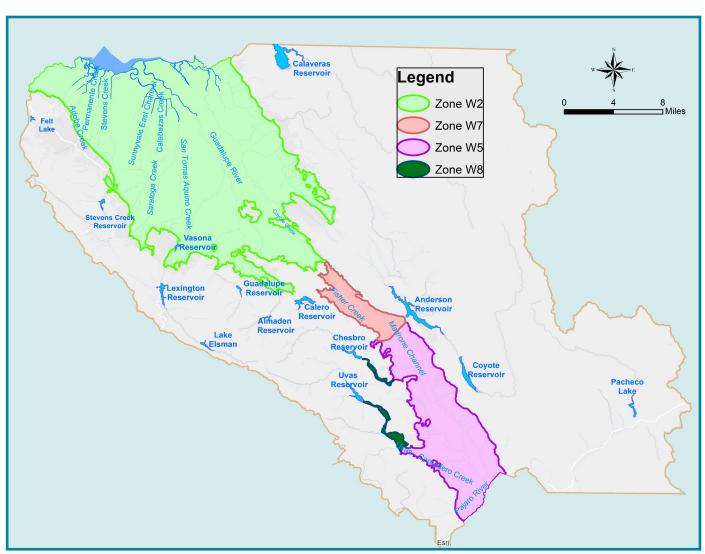


The Groundwater charge-setting process is Consistent with Prop 26

- ► Supreme Court found Prop 218 not applicable to groundwater charges
 - ► Certain Prop 218 requirements continue, like holding a public hearing and noticing well owners, which are consistent with District Act
- ▶ Supreme Court found Prop 26 is applicable to groundwater charges
- ▶ To qualify as a nontax fee under Prop 26, GW charge must satisfy both:
 - GW charge established at amount that is no more than necessary to cover reasonable costs of government activity
 - Manner in which costs are allocated to payor bear a fair or reasonable relationship to payor's burdens on, or benefits received from government activity



Resolution 99-21 is the Board's Pricing Policy



- Groundwater charges are levied within a zone for benefits received
- All water sources and water facilities contribute to common benefit within a zone regardless of cost, known as "pooling" concept
 - Helps maximize effective use of available resources
- Agricultural water charge shall not exceed 10% of M&I water charge



Groundwater Charge-Setting Approach

September

Begin multi-year financial forecast prep

Water Utility activities must meet purpose defined in District Act Section 26.3 November/December

Board provides guidance for upcoming rate setting cycle

January

Preliminary Rate
Projection
Discussed with
Board

Pricing based on Resolution 99-21 to maximize use of available water resources

February

Prepare Report on Protection & Augmentation of Water Supplies (PAWS)

Includes Cost of Service by customer class:

- Groundwater
- Treated Water
- Surface Water
- Recycled Water

April

Majority protest procedures and public hearings

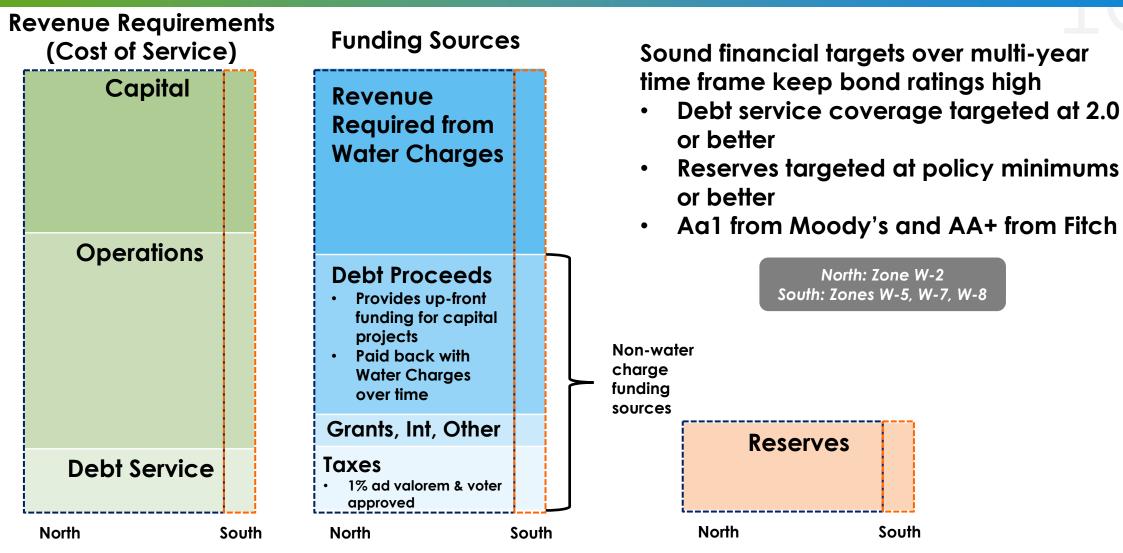
Process detail explained in Board Resolution 12-10

May

Adoption of Groundwater and Other Water Charges



"Revenue Requirements" approach used to determine revenue required from water charges





Infrastructure differences drive different groundwater production charges in each zone

North County

- 3 water treatment plants
- Reservoirs
 - Almaden
 - Calero
 - Guadalupe
 - Lexington
 - Stevens Creek
 - Vasona
- Silicon Valley
 Advanced Water
 Purification Center
- Imported Water –
 State Water Project

Shared

- Reservoirs
 - Anderson
 - Coyote
 - Pacheco
- Imported Water
 - Central Valley Project
- Shared facilities do not benefit Zone W-8

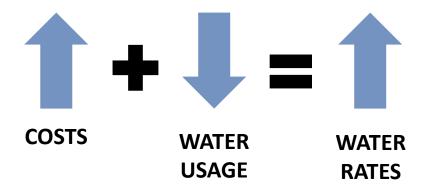
South County

- Reservoirs –
 Chesbro & Uvas
 - Do no benefit
 Zone W-7
- SCRWA Recycled Water System
 - Benefits Zone W-5 only



Drought Impact Puts Pressure on Water Rates:

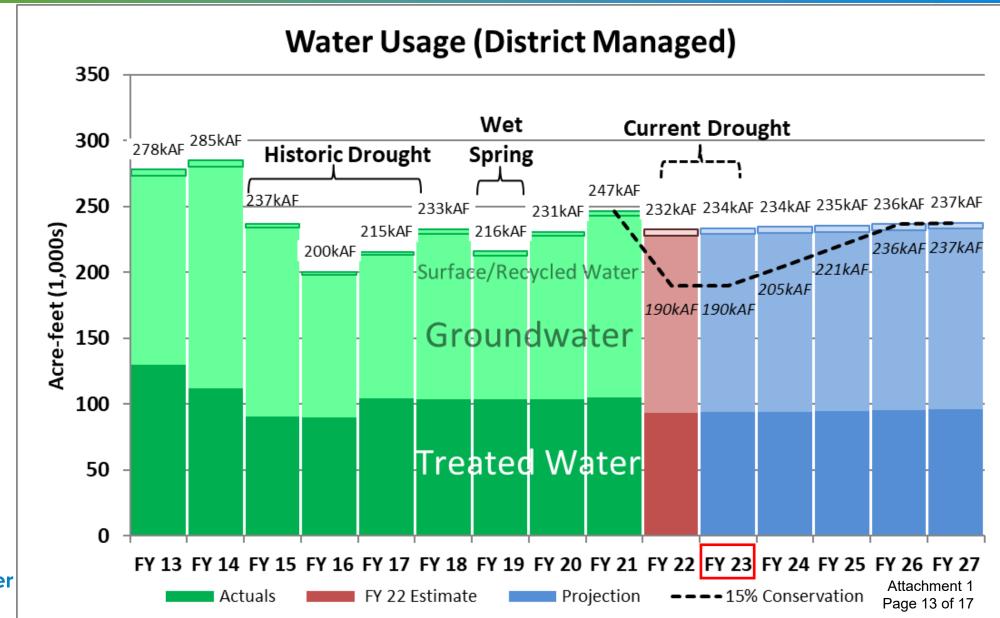
- ► O&M Costs up
 - Supplemental Water Purchases
 - ► Conservation activities
- ▶ Water Usage down
 - Results in lower revenue to pay for highly fixed cost structure



Potential Measures to Soften Water Rate Impact:

- ▶ Draw down reserves in FY 23 (and FY 24)
 - ▶ Rate Stabilization, Drought, Supplemental Water
- ▶ Spread drought impact over multiple year rate projection to extent possible
 - ▶ Debt service coverage & minimum reserve balances are limiting factor
- ▶ Use unneeded near-term capital project budget or project reserves to offset rate impacts
 - Make capital project budget whole in future years
- ▶ Potential one-time transfer from WSS Fund







Rate setting strategy for FY 2022-23

FY 23 Baseline Case Assumptions:

- ► Response to Drought:
 - ▶ Mandatory 15% call for conservation compared to 2019 (achieved in FY22 and FY23)
 - ► Emergency Water Supply Purchases for FY23, FY24 & FY25
- ► Minimize Rate Impacts of Drought:
 - ► Leverage available reserves: draw down in FY23 & FY24
 - ▶ Leverage current unused project funds (Pacheco from FY21): use in FY23 and replenish in FY25
 - ▶ One-time transfer up to \$25M from WSS Fund to Water Utility in FY 24
- ▶ Pacheco Reservoir Expansion with 35% Participation & WIFIA loans
- ▶ SWP Tax pays for 100% of SWP costs (excludes SWP portion of Delta Conveyance)
- ▶ Delta Conveyance SWP portion at 3.23%
- ▶ Purified Water Expansion via P3 with operations beginning in FY28
 - ► Assumes 100% debt financing through P3 entity
- Los Vaqueros (Transfer Bethany Pipeline)
- ▶ Agricultural Rate remains set at 10% of lowest M&I rate



FY 23 Rate Scenarios:

- ▶ Baseline with water usage alternatives
 - ► More conservation?
 - ▶ Less conservation?

▶ Baseline without Pacheco

Jan 3	Ag Water Advisory Committee
Jan 12	Board Meeting: Preliminary Groundwater Charge Analysis
Jan 19	Water Retailers Meeting: Preliminary Groundwater Charge Analysis
Jan 26	Water Commission Meeting: Prelim Groundwater Charge Analysis
Feb 8	Board Meeting: Set time & place of Public Hearing
Feb 25	Mail notice of public hearing and file PAWS report
Mar 8	Board Meeting: Budget development update
Mar 16	Water Retailers Meeting: FY 23 Groundwater Charge Recommendation
Mar TBD	Landscape Committee Meeting
Apr 4	Ag Water Advisory Committee
Apr TBD	Water Commission Meeting
Apr 12	Open Public Hearing
Apr TBD	Continue Public Hearing in South County
Apr 26	Conclude Public Hearing
Apr 27-28	Board Meeting: Budget work study session
May 10	Adopt budget & groundwater production and other water charges



Staff seeking Board guidance for FY 2022-23 rate setting cycle:

- ▶ Baseline rate assumptions
- ▶ Proposed rate scenarios

